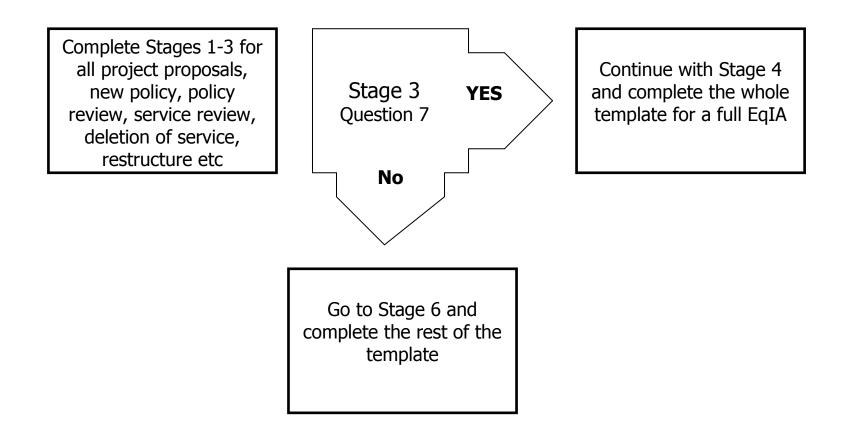
Equality Impact Assessment Template

The Council has revised and simplified its Equality Impact Assessment process. There is now just one Template. Project Managers will need to complete **Stages 1-3** to determine whether a full EqIA is required and the need to complete the whole template.



Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) Template

In order to carry out this assessment, it is important that you have completed the EqIA E-learning Module and read the Corporate Guidelines on EqIAs. Please refer to these to assist you in completing this assessment. It will also help you to look at the EqIA Template with Guidance Notes to assist you in completing the EqIA.

	Inplate with		tes to assist you in completing the	EQIA.
Type of Project / Proposal:	Tick ✓	Type of Deci	sion:	Tick ✓
Transformation		Cabinet		✓
Capital		Portfolio Holde	er	
Service Plan		Corporate Stra	ategic Board	
Other Implementing school expansion programme		Other		
Title of Project:	Weald Infa and Weald Jun Robin Hoo Harrow, H At its meet statutory p the combin (30 pupils)	int and Nursery ior School d Drive A3 7DH ing on 15 Janu roposals to exp ned primary sch	ary 2015, Harrow Cabinet is recommend and permanently the Weald infant and ju ool if the schools are amalgamated, by der ar 2016, which will fill incrementally from	unior schools, or one form of entry
Directorate / Service responsible:	Children &	Families		
Name and job title of lead officer:	Johanna N	lorgan, Educati	on Lead School Organisation	
	Chris Mell	, Senior Profes	ssional, School Organisation	
Name & contact details of the other persons involved in the	Marie-Lou	ise Nolan, Chai	r of the Federated Governing Body of W	eald Infant and
assessment:	Nursery S	chool and Weal	d Junior School	
Date of assessment:	7 Novemb	0044		

Stage 1: Overview	
	Two sets of statutory proposals have been published in relation to Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School. It is proposed to:
	• Combine the schools to create a combined primary school from 1 April 2015;
	 Expand the school(s) from 1 September 2016.
	The two sets of statutory proposals are separate and not linked. This EqIA relates to the proposal to expand the school(s).
	It is proposed to permanently expand Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School, or the combined primary school if the schools are amalgamated, from 1 September 2016 to become four forms of entry school(s) (120 places) from the current three forms of entry (90 places).
 What are you trying to do? (Explain proposals e.g. introduction of a new service or policy, policy review, changing criteria, reduction / removal of service, restructure, deletion of posts etc) 	Education school expansion statutory processes are being undertaken. On 24 October 2014, the Portfolio Holder for Children, Schools and Young People, considered the outcome of the consultation about the proposed expansion and decided to publish statutory proposals to effect the expansion. The statutory proposals were published from 3 November to 1 December 2014. Two representations in relation to the statutory proposals were received by Harrow Council by the closing date. The representations refer to the existing traffic congestion and anti-social driving behaviour in the area of the school and object to the proposed expansion of the Weald schools on the basis of the increased traffic congestion issues that will result. These representations and officer comment will be reported to Harrow Cabinet when determining the statutory proposals on 15 January 2015.
	The permanent expansion of Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School, or the combined primary school if the schools are amalgamated, is proposed as part of the Primary School Expansion Programme within Harrow Council's School Place Planning Strategy. Cabinet agreed its School Place Planning Strategy in February 2010 to meet the increasing demand for school places that is primarily birth rate driven. In July 2011, Cabinet agreed on a Primary School Expansion Programme as part of the School Place Planning Strategy. The strategy aims to secure sufficient primary school places through the creation of additional permanent places, supplemented by planned bulge classes and contingency bulge classes, opened if required.

	Residents / Service Users	✓	Partners / Schools	~	Stakeholders	✓
	Staff	✓	Age	✓	Disability	✓
2. Who are the main people / Protected Characteristics that may be affected by your proposals? (✓ all that apply)	Gender Reassignment		Marriage and Civil Partnership		Pregnancy and Maternity	
	Race		Religion or Belief		Sex	
	Sexual Orientation		Other			
 3. Is the responsibility shared with another directorate, authority or organisation? If so: Who are the partners? Who has the overall responsibility? How have they been involved in the assessment? 	Sexual Orientation Other There is a statutory responsibility on the local authority to ensure sufficient school places in its area. Children & Families is the lead directorate, though the school expansion programme has to be delivered corporately with the involvement of officers from other directorates e.g. Environment and Enterprise, Finance, Performance, Legal. The school expansion programme is delivered in partnership between the local authority and schools.					
Stage 2: Evidence / Data Collation						
4. What evidence / data have you reviewed to assess the pot						
section below. This can include census data, borough profile, involvement tracker, customer satisfaction surveys, focus gro	•		•			

on the nine Protected Characteristics.

(Where you have gaps (data is not available/being collated), you may need to include this as an action to address in your Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)

	In September 2012 there were a total of 2,550 permanent Reception class places in Harrow's primary sector schools. To ensure sufficient school places to meet the increased demand, temporary additional Reception classes have been opened since 2009. In order to meet the actual and predicted increased demand in the next few years there is a need to increase the number of permanent school places, in the primary sector initially and in the secondary sector in due course. Additional places are also required to meet increased demand for provision to meet special educational need. Phase 1 of the primary school expansion programme was implemented in September 2013 with 8 schools in the borough permanently increasing their Reception intakes. In September 2015, when all the Phase 2 schools are expanded, there will be 3,240 permanent Reception places. In order to ensure sufficient school places to meet the predicted increased demand by September 2016, Harrow needs to increase the number of permanent Reception places by at least a further 300 places to a total of 3,540. The Phase 3 proposals, that include Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School, or the combined primary school if the schools are amalgamated, aim to ensure sufficient school places at the right time and in the right location to meet the increase school places across Harrow can be viewed in the 17 July 2014 Cabinet papers (item 21 School Expansion Programme Appendix B) at http://www.harrow.gov.uk/www2/ieListDocuments.aspx?Cld=249&Mld=62354&Ver=4
Disability (including carers of disabled people)	 See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending the schools. The schools make mainstream provision and do not have additionally resourced provision for pupils with special educational needs. The schools have been prioritised in the Government's Priority School Building Programme and will be rebuilt by the Education Funding Agency. Accessibility will be considered in the design proposal for the rebuild. An increase in children of school age can be expected to include increased numbers of children with disability and special educational needs. The total number of statements of special educational need in Harrow has increased by 93 (or 9%) between 2006 and 2011 calendar years. In addition, the percentage of children with a statement placed in a special school (Harrow, other local authority, independent or nonmaintained) has increased from 35% to 43% during the same period. This represents continued pressure and demand for more special school places. On 18 July 2013, Harrow Cabinet approved the Special School SEN Placements Planning Framework for bringing forward proposals over the next 3-5 years to increase provision for children and young people with special educational needs. Following successful applications in accordance with this framework to the Government's Targeted Basic Need Programme, 151 additional new SEN school places will be provided from 2015. See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupils attending the schools.

		Consultations about expansion proposals at schools in the School Expansion Programme have identified concerns from residents about emergency services being unable to respond to urgent resident needs during school drop off and collection times. This is recognised as a potential issue and traffic mitigation measures, and the school travel plan work to reduce car use, will reduce the risk of this eventuality arising					
Gender Reassignr	nent	Not applicable in the context of the expansion of these schools.					
Marriage / Civil Pa		Not applicable in the context of the expansion of these schools.					
Pregnancy and Ma	aternity	Not applicable in the context of the expansion of these schools.					
Race		These are community schools which draw pupils from its local area and the pupil p ethnicity of their area. The Provisional October 2014 School Census data demons has an ethnically diverse pupil population. See Appendix A of this EqIA for data at attending these schools. See Appendix B of this EqIA for the profile of respondents to the statutory consultar See Appendix C of this EqIA for the ethnic groups in the main wards from which ch schools.	trates that the school bout the profile of pupils tion.				
Religion and Belie	f		e are community schools which draw pupils from their local area and the pupil profiles reflect the ns and beliefs of their area.				
Sex / Gender		These are community schools which draw pupils from their local area and the pupil gender of their area. See Appendix A of this EqIA for data about the profile of pupil schools.					
Sexual Orientation	า	Not applicable in the context of the expansion of these schools.					
Socio Economic		Not applicable in the context of the expansion of these schools.					
5. What consultat	tion have you underta	aken on your proposals?					
Who was consulted?	What consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?	What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected groups, revising your proposals).				

Statutory consultation was held with the schools, their communities of parents, staff and governors, local residents and interested parties about the expansion proposal between 8 September and 20 October 2014.	Consultation information was widely distributed including to neighbouring Local Authorities, local MPs, Councillors, Union representatives, Diocesan Bodies, voluntary organisations, and Harrow Youth Parliament. Information was put on the Harrow Council website, together with a facility for online response to the consultation for residents. The Council distributed a letter to local residents to inform them of the consultation and to invite them to the consultation meetings at the schools. The schools distributed information and response forms to their parents, staff	together to form • "Proposal Two: T with effect from 1 Both questions offered Opportunity was giver wished to do so. The following tables p	n consultation meet proposal to give a proposal to the consumunities from tho all was not relevant and was not relevant and was not relevant and the consultations are set out be received to the consistions are set out be of comments we be below together we bel	een Monday 8 Se sings during the c resentation and a sultation. Separa se given to local to the local resid nsultation question to below under 'O ere included with with officer respon- ies to the consu- nation of the two pro- insery School and ol on 1 April 2019 of the school to fo ond 'Yes', 'No', o e added after ear onses to the consu-	ptember 201 consultation p answer ques te consultati residents be ents without ons for the s ons for resid ther response the response the response nse to the th ultation que toposals. The d Weald Juni 5." our forms of e r 'Not Sure' f ch question sultation que	14 and Mo beriod at t tions. on questic ecause the children a chool com ents. ses to the es and the emes. stions ab ney were: for School entry (120 to each qu if the resp stions.	onday 20 he schools ons were attending the nmunities. e two main oout l are joined places) uestion. oondent	 On 24 October 2014, the Portfolio Holder for Children, Schools and Young People, considered the outcome of the consultation about the proposed expansion and decided to publish statutory proposals to effect the expansion. Additional resource has been committed to ensure an appropriate profile to all the school expansion projects in particular. Transport Assessments are undertaken at each of the schools proposed for expansion. The assessments provide an independent view of the proposals by reviewing baseline information about current traffic volumes and current issues and make recommendations about any impact as well as setting out any actions required. The
	and governors and	Proposal One: Weal together to form one				or School	are joined	actions required. The assessments take
	arranged open consultation meetings for parents and residents to enable		I support combining the two schools	I want the schools to stay separate	l am not sure	Total		 account of the consultation responses received. A School Travel Plan
	discussion about the proposal.	Infant School parent	9	2	1	12]	 A School Travel Plan Advisor for the expansion projects has
		Junior School parent	14	3	2	19		been working with schools to develop and

Harrow Council Equality Impact Assessment Template – Jan 2014

	Parent in both					implement effective
	schools	16	5	5	26	travel strategies. This
	Member of staff in					is a key role in
	Infant School	10	3	2	15	influencing and
	Member of staff in					engaging with all
	Junior School	2	0	0	2	stakeholders to
	Other interested					change attitudes to
	stakeholder:	3	0	1	4	travel through the
	Tetel	F 4	10		70	review and the
		54		11	78	development of Scho
	%	69.23%	16.67%	14.10%	100%	Travel Plans in order
	D					to minimise the use o
	Proposal Two: To ex		ed school to four	torms of e	ntry (120	
	with effect from 1 Se	ptemper 2016.	h			school, particularly by parents. This role als
		I support	I do not support			liaises with the
		expansion to four	expansion to four			Highways, Traffic
		forms of entry as	forms of entry as		Total	Management and
		either combined or	either combined	sure		Enforcement teams to
		separate schools	or separate			ensure that any
		-	schools -		10	necessary engineerin
	Infant School parent	4	5	1	10	work and enforcemen
	Junior School			_	~	action, including Safe
	parent	15	1	5	21	Neighbourhood
	Parent in both					Teams, is provided in
	schools	11	1	8	20	line with the travel
	Member of staff in					plans developed. Thi
		6	4	1	11	officer is also involved
	Member of staff in					in the pre-planning
	Junior School	2	U	U	2	- engagement activities
1	Other interested					and input into the
	stakeholder:	3	0	1	4	planning applications
	Total	41	11	16	68	The Transport
		60.29%	16.18%	23.53%	100%	Assessment and
						School Travel Plans
	The responses made	to the first consulta-	tion question indic	ate strong a	areemen	nt with the are submitted as part
	Council's proposal to		•		-9.001101	of the planning
						applications.
	The responses made	to the second cons	ultation question i	ndicate stro	ng overal	
	with the Council's pro					communication
						strategy for the
						Sudleyy for the

Two questions of the second se	uestions were aske Do you agree with t Do you agree with t uestions offered th tunity was given fo to do so. Howing tables prov rerall responses to ion 1: "Do you ag	ed in the consulta the approach to the proposal to p e option to respond r comments to b ide overall respond Question 1 were	ation. They were: creating additional sc permanently expand t ond 'Yes', 'No', or 'No e added after each q onses to the consultat	ot Sure' to each question. uestion if the respondent	 which includes raising the profile of school travel planning. An additional Communications Officer has been appointed to give communication and engagement work a high profile. Parking enforcement officers visit the areas of all schools in Harrow and issue
	Response	Number	Percentage		tickets when
	Yes	18	46.15%	7	applicable. Two automatic number
	No	12	30.77%		plate recognition
	Not Sure	9	23.08%		CCTV cars have been
	Total	39	100.00%		introduced to reinforce enforcement work.
The ov Quest Schoo				ently expand the Weald	They are dedicated to schools exclusively.
	Response	Number	Percentage		
	Yes	7	17.95%		
	No	28	71.79%		
	Not Sure	4	10.26%	_	
	No Response	0	0%		
	Total	39	100.00%		
Counc approa Over th the Co	i [;] s approach to cre ach, though this is l	eating additional balanced by alm e respondents to expand the Wea	school places in Harr ost half disagreeing v the second consulta ald schools.	tion question disagree with	

 	•
distributed to local residents. Also the publicising of the online consultation response portal on the Harrow Council website.	
Other responses to the consultation Governing Body	
The federated Governing Body of Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School recommends that Proposal One: Weald Infant and Nursery School and Weald Junior School are joined together to form one combined school on 1 April 2015 and Proposal Two: To expand the combined school to four forms of entry (120 places) with effect from 1 September 2016 are adopted by Harrow Council.	
Petition A petition signed by 154 people was presented to Cabinet on 16 October 2014 with the	
following terms: "We, the undersigned, are extremely concerned about the impact of the proposed expansion of Weald Schools on the longstanding and intolerable traffic and parking conditions in the surrounding roads, which pose a serious safety risk to children, residents and others. We would not be willing to support expansion without significant measures to tackle these problems and improve the situation. Any new school buildings must also be designed and positioned in a way that respects the character of the area and the amenity of local residents".	
Cabinet referred the petition to the Interim Corporate Director of Children and Families, Corporate Director of Environment and Enterprise and the Portfolio Holders for Children, Schools and Young People and Business, Planning and Regeneration for consideration.	
Other responses The London Borough of Barnet, Children's Service, School Place Planning responded welcoming the creation of additional primary school places that can help to meet the current and future demand being experienced. Weald Infant and Junior school are over 2 miles from Barnet's border and are unlikely to be significantly affected by Barnet's current demand for primary school places.	
A letter and an email was received from a resident in the generic email account <u>SchoolReorganisation@harrow.gov.uk</u> about the proposed expansion. These communications expressed concerns about the insufficient road infrastructure around the school for the volume of traffic, unsafe driving practices, inconsiderate parking and antisocial behaviour by drivers towards residents. The authors were encouraged to respond to the consultation via the Harrow Council website so all the consultation responses could be collated together.	
Officer response to the consultation comments The two main themes in consultation comments and responses relate to:	

 ensuring strong leadership of a combined and expanded school and quality of education; 	
traffic and congestion issues.	
Leadership and quality of education	
The governors and Harrow Council are very mindful of the need to secure the leadership of a combined school, if the amalgamation is agreed. In accordance with Council policy and practice, the post of Headteacher for the combined school would be ring fenced to the substantive Headteacher. A process would be developed to satisfy the Governing Body that the post holder has suitable qualifications, experience and ability to undertake the role including consideration of any development needs that may be identified.	
The schools are maintaining an absolute priority on the improvement of educational standards and will continue to do so through the construction processes. Progress is being made through the focus, hard work and efforts of the school staff.	
The senior leadership team and governors will ensure that the focus on quality is not diluted during the building programme. The school(s) will be supported through the rebuild processes so the focus can remain on the core business of educating the children. There will be a project manager from the Education Funding Agency to ensure smooth progress with the rebuild and liaison with the school on any issues and school operational matters to minimise any disruption to education. The Harrow Council Children's Capital Team will be available for support should this be needed.	
Traffic and congestion issues The concerns expressed about traffic congestion, parking and road safety in the area are fully recognised and are the consistent major theme arising from the expansion consultations. To minimise the impact of the additional pupils attending the schools proposed for expansion, a cross-council approach is being implemented. This approach brings officers together from Children and Families, Enterprise and Environment and Communications to co-ordinate work.	
The Weald Schools Federated Governing Body takes these issues extremely seriously. In its formal response to Harrow Council about the expansion proposal the governors strongly urge that, in order to achieve the successful expansion of the schools, both schools and the Federated Governing Body work closely in partnership with Harrow Council, parents, carers and the local community to achieve a lasting solution to the problems associated with the access of traffic, parking and the travel behaviour of Weald Schools' parents and carers.	
The rebuild of the Weald schools, whether or not expansion is approved, will require a building programme, for which planning permission will be needed. A decision on this will be a matter for the Planning Committee which will consider highways and traffic concerns	

		they		s decision are en	e local area. Resider titled to make repres consent timescales.				
6. What other (lo media) data sou assessment? List the Title of r	urces that you l	have used to i	nform this	and regional A regional ap young people school propo	nool Roll Projection data to inform its p proach is an impo with special educ sers, and with neig nform work to mee	projections. Intant aspectational nee Inbouring lo	t of meeting the	e needs of cl is are held w	nildren and ⁄ith free
Stage 3: Asses	ssing Potenti	al Dispropo	rtionate Impact						
	•		ed so far, is there	e a risk that you	ur proposals could	potentially	have a disprop	ortionate ad	verse impact
on any of the Pro	otected Charac Age (including carers)	teristics? Disability (including carers)	Gender Reassignment	Marriage and Civil Partnership	Pregnancy and Maternity	Race	Religion and Belief	Sex	Sexual Orientation
Yes									
No	√	✓	√	√	✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓ ✓	✓	✓	√	✓
sector organiIt will be used users directly	isations, servic ful to also colla / affected by yo e ticked `No' to	e users and U ate further evi our proposals) all of the abo	nions) to develop dence (additional) to further assess ove, then go to St	the rest of the data, consulta the potential age 6	tion with the relev disproportionate ir	ant commu npact ident	nities, stakehol ified and how t	der groups a his can be m	and service
 Although the advance equal 			•		These actions shou	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	ality of opportu	unity to make	your proposals m			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

(include this ev documents and			ata, statistics, titles of			
9. What furthe	r consultation	η have you ι	indertaken on your proposals as	s a result of your analys	sis at Stage 3	?
Who was consulted?		Wł	nat consultation methods were used?	What do the results show about the impact on different groups / Protected Characteristics?		What actions have you taken to address the findings of the consultation? (This may include further consultation with the affected groups, revising your proposals).
Note: Please go	o to Stage 6.					
5	5					
Stage 5: Asse	essing Imp	act and Ar	alysis			
	•	•	bout the impact on different gro positive impact? How likely is the			e shows potential for differential impact, //remove any adverse impact?
Protected	Adverse Positive Explain what this impact is, how I			What measures can you take to mitigate impact or advance equality of opportunity further consultation, research, implement e		
Characteristic	\checkmark	~	•	Note – Positive impact can also be used to demonstrate how your proposals meet the aims of		oring etc (Also Include these in the ovement Action Plan at Stage 7)
Age (including carers of young/older people)			Note: Please go to Stage 6.			
Disability (including carers of disabled						

people)							
Gender Reassignmen t							
Marriage and Civil Partnership							
Pregnancy and Maternity							
Race							
Religion or Belief							
Sex							
Sexual orientation							
11. Cumulativ	/e Impact -	- Considering	what else is happ	pening within the	Yes	No	

Council and Harrow as a whole, could your proposals have impact on a particular Protected Characteristic?	Note: Please go	to Stage 6.				
If yes, which Protected Characteristics could be affected potential impact?						
11a. Any Other Impact – Considering what else is hap	Yes		N	0		
Council and Harrow as a whole (for example national/loc	• • •	Note: Please go	to Stage 6.			
austerity, welfare reform, unemployment levels, commun	•					
levels of crime) could your proposals have an impact on	-					
users socio economic, health or an impact on community						
If yes, what is the potential impact and how likely is to h	happen?					
12. Is there any evidence or concern that the potential a	adverse impact ider	ntified may result in	n a Protected	d Characteristic	c being disad	vantaged?
(Please refer to the Corporate Guidelines for guidance on the definitions of discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other prohibited						ohibited
conduct under the Equality Act) available on Harrow HUE	B/Equalities and Div	versity/Policies and	Legislation			
Age Disability Gender	Marriage	Pregnancy and		Religion and		Sexual
(Including (Including Reassignm	and Civil	Maternity	Race	Belief	Sex	Orientation
carers) carers) -	Partnership	Tracernicy		Dener		onentation
Yes						
No Cita I and Cita I a						
If you have answered "yes" to any of the above, set out						
proposal and whether the disadvantage is proportionate concerned that the proposal may breach the equality leg		-			-	•
concerned that the proposal may breach the equality leg						0501)
If the analysis shows the potential for serious adverse im	npact or disadvanta	ge (or potential di	scrimination) but vou have	identified a i	ootential
justification for this, this information must be presented	•					
proportionate to achieve the aims of the proposal.						3
• If there are adverse effects that are not justified and cannot be mitigated, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)						
If the analysis shows unlawful conduct under the equalities legislation, you should not proceed with the proposal. (select outcome 4)						
Stage 6: Decision						
13. Please indicate which of the following statements best describes the outcome of your EqIA (✓ tick one box only)						
Outcome 1 – No change required: the EqIA has not ide	entified any potentia	al for unlawful con	duct or dispr	oportionate im	pact and	✓

all opportunities to advance equality are being addressed.					
Outcome 2 – Minor adjustments to remove / mitigate adverse impact or advance equality have been identified by the EqIA. <i>List</i>					
the actions you propose to take to address this in the Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7					
Outcome 3 – Continue with proposals despite having identified potential for adverse impact or missed opportunities to advance					
equality. In this case, the justification needs to be included in the EqIA and should be in line with the PSED to have 'due regard'. In					
some cases, compelling reasons will be needed. You should also consider whether there are sufficient plans to reduce the adverse					
impact and/or plans to monitor the impact. (Explain this in 13a below)					
Outcome 4 – Stop and rethink: when there is potential for serious adverse impact or disadvantage to one or more protected					
groups. (You are encouraged to seek Legal Advice about the potential for unlawful conduct under equalities legislation)					
13a. If your EqIA is assessed as outcome 3 or you have					
ticked 'yes' in Q12, explain your justification with full					
reasoning to continue with your proposals.					

Stage 7: Improvement Action Plan									
14. List below any action	14 . List below any actions you plan to take as a result of this Impact Assessment. This should include any actions identified throughout the EqIA.								
Area of potential adverse impact e.g. Race, Disability	Action required to mitigate	How will you know this is achieved? E.g. Performance Measure / Target	Target Date	Lead Officer	Date Action included in Service / Team Plan				
Age. Insufficient school places for children in Harrow.	Successful application has been made to the Government's Priority School Building Programme for rebuild of the schools because of their priority poor condition. The schools will be rebuilt as a combined four form of entry primary school if these proposals are approved. The rebuild is planned for completion by September 2016.	Delivery, affordability and value for money will be monitored by the corporate Programme Board. Key milestones will be reported with RAG ratings to monitor progress.	1 September 2015.	Chris Spencer, Corporate Director Children & Families, through the Programme Board.	1 September 2013				

Disability. Mobility access.	Access issues will be considered throughout the design and construction processes.	The Education Funding Agency is responsible for the rebuild of the Weald schools. The designs will have to conform to planning policy and will be subject to approval by the Planning Committee.	1 September 2015.	Russell Eacott, Head of Capital Project Team (through Capital Team liaison with the EFA)	18 February 2014 (access issues raised at weekly update meeting)
Insufficient education provision to meet the needs of children with special educational needs.	This area of potential adverse impact of the increased number of children in the borough has been considered. Harrow Cabinet agreed its Special School and SEN Placements Planning Framework in July 2013 and, following successful applications to the Government's Targeted Basic Need Programme, new places are being created at special schools and through new additionally resourced provision places in Harrow's mainstream schools from September 2015.	Completion of the projects to expand Harrow's special schools and to create units for more additionally resourced provision places in Harrow's mainstream schools.	1 September 2015.	Chris Spencer, Corporate Director Children & Families, through the Programme Board.	1 March 2013
Residents / Service Users. Many concerns about the impacts of traffic congestion.	Measures are being put in place to address the traffic and congestion issues arising from the creation of additional school places. See Stage 2 Section 5 above.	Traffic Assessment and School Travel Plan will be submitted as part of the Planning Application.	June 2015.	Russell Eacott, Head of Capital Project Team. (through Capital Team liaison with the EFA)	November 2013.

Stage 8 - Monitoring

The full impact of the proposals may only be known after they have been implemented. It is therefore important to ensure effective monitoring measures are in place to assess the impact.

15. How will you monitor the impact of the proposals once they have

The School Organisation Officer Group, comprised of representatives

been implemented? What monitoring measures need to be introduced to ensure effective monitoring of your proposals? How often will you do this? <i>(Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)</i>	from relevant corporate departments, meets monthly and will monitor the impact of proposals and the continuing levels of need.
16. How will the results of any monitoring be analysed, reported and publicised? <i>(Also Include in Improvement Action Plan at Stage 7)</i>	Regular reports are presented to Cabinet on school organisation matters, including quarterly update reports on the school expansion programme. These reports are published on the Harrow Council website. The School Expansion Stakeholder Reference Group has been established and meets monthly. The School Expansion Stakeholder Reference Group is a cross party representative group to provide advice and guidance on the implementation of the school expansion programme. The meetings are minuted. The Programme Board of senior corporate officers and the constructor meets regularly to monitor the construction programme to ensure appropriate accommodation is provided at the schools for the additional pupils.
	A range of views and comments were received in support and opposed to the expansion proposal (see section 5 in Stage 2 above).
	The responses made to the first consultation question indicate a level of agreement by the school communities and residents with the Council's approach to creating additional school places in Harrow.
17. Have you received any complaints or compliments about the	The responses made by the school communities indicate strong overall agreement with the Council's proposal to expand the Weald schools.
proposals being assessed? If so, provide details.	Nearly three quarters of the responses from local residents to the second consultation question disagree with the Council's proposal to expand the Weald schools. However, the resident response level of 39 needs to be viewed in the context of 425 consultation papers distributed to local residents and the publicising of the online consultation response portal on the Harrow Council website. Also, the strong support of the respondents from the school communities who are local residents as well.

Stage 9: Public Sector Equality Duty

18. How do your proposals contribute towards the Public Sector Equality Duty (PSED) which requires the Council to have due regard to eliminate discrimination, harassment and victimisation, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations between different groups.

(Include all the positive actions of your proposals, for example literature will be available in large print, Braille and community languages, flexible working hours for parents/carers, IT equipment will be DDA compliant etc)						
Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment and victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Equality Act 2010		Advance equality of opportunity between people from different groups		Foster good relations between people from different groups		
By acting to ensure all children in Harrow have access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all children and young people.		access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all		By acting to ensure all children in Harrow have access to a high quality school place, Harrow is promoting equality of opportunity for all children and young people.		
Stage 10 - Organisational sign Off (to be completed by Chair of Departmental Equalities Task Group) The completed EqIA needs to be sent to the chair of your Departmental Equalities Task Group (DETG) to be signed off.						
	The corporate Equality Impact Assessment Quality Assurance Group.					
Signed: (Lead officer completing EqIA)	Chris Melly		Signed: (Chair of DETG)		Roger Rickman	
Date:	7 th November 2014		Date:		1 st December 2014	
Date EqIA presented at the EqIA Quality Assurance Group	1 st Dec	ember 2014	Signature of ETG Chair		Roger Rickman	

October 2014 School Census	Weald Infant and Nursery School
AGE as at 31st August 2014	
3	15%
4	28%
5	28%
6	28%
Grand Total	317
GENDER	
Female	48%
Male	52%
Grand Total	317
ETHNICITY	
Bangladeshi	0%
Indian	6%
Asian Other	21%
Pakistani	2%
Black African	8%
Black Caribbean	3%
Black Other	1%
Chinese	1%
Mixed Other	2%
Mixed White/Asian	2%
Mixed White/Black African	1%
Mixed White/Black Caribbean	2%
Not Obtained	1%
Any Other Ethnic Group	7%
White British	12%
White Irish Traveller	1%
White Other	11%
Unknown	20%
Grand Total	317
SEN	
No SEN	91%
School Action	3%
School Action Plus	6%
Statement of SEN	0%
Grand Total	317

Source: Collect export: all schools Blade-Export_06-11-2014_pupilonroll.xls

October 2014 School Census	Weald Junior School
AGE as at 31st August 2014	
7	29%
8	27%
9	21%
10	22%
Grand Total	397
GENDER	
Female	47%
Male	53%
Grand Total	397
ETHNICITY	
Bangladeshi	1%
Indian	7%
Asian Other	22%
Pakistani	4%
Black African	9%
Black Caribbean	3%
Black Other	2%
Mixed Other	4%
Mixed White/Asian	3%
Mixed White/Black African	1%
Mixed White/Black Caribbean	3%
Not Obtained	0%
White British	12%
Any Other Ethnic Group	10%
White Irish Traveller	1%
White Irish	1%
White Other	11%
Unknown	7%
Grand Total	397
SEN	
No SEN	80%
School Action	15%
School Action Plus	5%
Statement of SEN	1%
Grand Total	397

Source: Collect export: all schools Blade-Export_06-11-2014_pupilonroll.xls

Monitoring information

When completing their responses to the consultation, resident respondents were invited to provide information about how they perceive their social identity to assist with monitoring the effectiveness of the consultation outreach. Anonymous information was requested under the following categories: disability; ethnic group; and religion. The following tables show the responses received under these categories.

Respondents by Disability

	Number	Percentage
Not Disabled	32	82.05%
Disabled	3	7.69%
Not Stated	4	10.26%

Respondents by Ethnic Group

Ethnic Group	Number	% of total response
Asian Or Asian British	5	12.82%
Black or Black British	1	2.56%
Other Ethnic Group	2	5.14%
Mixed ethnic background	0	0%
White	25	64.10%
Did Not Specify	6	15.38%

Respondents by Religion

	Number	Percentage
Buddhism	0	0%
Christianity	20	51.28%
Hinduism	3	7.69%
Islam	1	2.56%
Jainism	0	0%
Judaism	1	2.56%
Sikh	1	2.56%
Zoroastrian	0	0%
Other	4	10.26%
No Religion	1	2.56%
Not Stated	8	20.52%

KS201EW - Ethnic group North East Primary Planning Area

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Population - All usual residents

Main Wards for the North East Primary Planning Area

(Over 40% of pupils in these Wards attend schools in the planning area)

Ethnic Group	Belmont		Canons		Stanmore Park	
	number	%	number	%	number	%
All usual residents	11,343	100.0	12,471	100.0	11,229	100.0
White: English/Welsh/Scottish/Northern	3,436	30.3	4,990	40.0	5,263	46.9
Irish/British	,		,			
White: Irish	371	3.3	229	1.8	277	2.5
White: Gypsy or Irish Traveller	8	0.1	8	0.1	7	0.1
White: Other White	873	7.7	1,210	9.7	825	7.3
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black Caribbean	50	0.4	60	0.5	117	1.0
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Black African	52	0.5	48	0.4	55	0.5
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: White and Asian	125	1.1	162	1.3	113	1.0
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups: Other Mixed	122	1.1	130	1.0	113	1.0
Asian/Asian British: Indian	3,893	34.3	2,959	23.7	2,245	20.0
Asian/Asian British: Pakistani	312	2.8	273	2.2	192	1.7
Asian/Asian British: Bangladeshi	44	0.4	52	0.4	52	0.5
Asian/Asian British: Chinese	130	1.1	238	1.9	125	1.1
Asian/Asian British: Other Asian	913	8.0	832	6.7	645	5.7
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: African	310	2.7	567	4.5	376	3.3
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Caribbean	208	1.8	139	1.1	202	1.8
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British: Other Black	142	1.3	164	1.3	235	2.1
Other ethnic group: Arab	202	1.8	179	1.4	162	1.4
Other ethnic group: Any other ethnic group	152	1.3	231	1.9	225	2.0
Main Ethnic Groups						
White	4,688	41.3	6,437	51.6	6,372	56.7
Mixed/multiple ethnic groups	349	3.1	400	3.2	398	3.5
Asian/Asian British	5,292	46.7	4,354	34.9	3,259	29.0
Black/African/Caribbean/Black British	660	5.8	870	7.0	813	7.2
Other ethnic group	354	3.1	410	3.3	387	3.4

In order to protect against disclosure of personal information, records have been swapped between different geographic areas. Some counts will be affected, particularly small counts at the lowest geographies.

Units - Persons Date - 2011